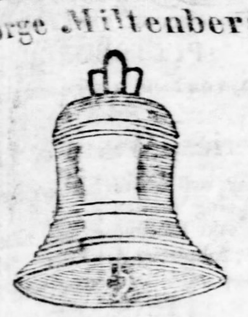
The Pittsburgh Gazette.

" PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 35. PITTSBURGH. TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 29 1819. New Series, No. 117

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN SCULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, on Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets—at $ 4 per Annum.

George Miltenberger,



Bell & Brass Founder,

COPPER-SMITH,

TIN-PLATE & SHEET-IRON WORKER,

front street, next door to the Post-Office,

Respectfully informs the public that he manufactures and keeps always on hand,

BELLS,

or Churches, Court-houses, Academy's Factory's, Taverns, etc.

Warranted equal to any in the United States—

STILLS,

of all sizes—Wash, Hatters, Plank, Dye, Stove & Tea

Kettles;

Still-cocks, Rivets, Solder, Block Tin, Spelter, Sheet Brass and Sheet Iron,

With a large and general assortment of

Tin Ware.

Pittsburgh, June 22, 1819.——tf

Dupont's Brandywine

POWDER

JUST RECEIVED, 250 KEGS CONSISTING OF

OP, FFg, FFr, FFFr FFFg,

DUPONT'S BRANDYWINE POWDER For Sale, on low terms by

ROSLER, & CO.

November 18, 1818. tf.

THE

GOOD INTENT INN,

Lately occupied by Mrs. Morrow, at the Sign of the Green Tree, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh,

Furnished for the accomodation of TRAVELLERS and others.

The subscriber, from his GOOD INTENT and the probity and attention of his servants, hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

JAMES B. OLIVER.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1819.

☞ The Stage Office of the Juniata route is kept at the above Inn.

☞ A good, dry CELLAR, 45 feet on Fourth Street by 20 back, to rent—Enquire as above.

Henry Doane,

CORNER OF WOOD & FRONT STREET

HAS FOR SALE,

Ironmongery & Hardware;

Horse-Hole Anvils, Vices, Straw-Knives, Shovels & Spades, Hoes, Axes, Hatchets, Cross-cut Saws, Hand-saws, Drawing-Knives, Augurs, Gudgeons, Frying-pans, Copper and Iron Tea-Kettles, Adzes, Socket-shovels, Cast Steel—American and English Blister & Crowley Steel.

Groceries. etc.

Boxes fresh Raisins, Loaf Sugar, Nutmegs, Kegs Allspice, Pepper, Ginger, Allum, Smoking Tobacco, Copperas, Indigo, ground Redwood, Spanish Brown, Chalk, Red-Lead, also boxes Rosin Soap and Shaving Soap.

Liquors.

Old L.P. Teneriffe Wine, in quarter casks—Cognac Brandy, Barrels of Cordial and old Whiskey

Manufactured Tobacco—Gun-Powder—Lead—Queensware, Hollow Glass ware, in boxes, assorted; Writing and Wrapping Paper, Entry Matts, Cut and Wrought Nails, Castings and Juniata BAR IRON.

ALSO

Barrels Rosin,

6 Barrels Rectified and Common Lake SALT,

10 Do. Fourth Proof Antigua RUM,

17 Boxes Geneva and Bridgeport Window Glass,

Assorted Pieces Coarse CLOTHS.

Commission Business

Transacted and Goods received and forwarded

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1819. 3m

Book Binding.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the above business in all its variety, in Fifth, between Wood and Market streets, opposite to Mrs. M'Cullough's Tavern, where he is determined to execute every thing in his line, in a manner equal if not superior to any in the Western country. As the the subscriber calculates to make Pittsburgh his future place of residence he is determined to carry on his business in a way that will be advantageous to him and his customers. Country Book-sellers and others, will find it to their advantage, by sending the Books they want bound to the subscriber.

He hopes from his attention to business to share a part of public patronage.

April 13. ROBERT YOUNG. tf

PATENT PLOUGHS

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WISH to inform the public that they have made such arrangements as will enable them to manufacture Ploughs in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms. The iron mole will be ground completely smooth, and the Plough warranted to run well. A discount will be made to merchants and others at a distance, who purchase to sell again. All orders will be filled without delay.

They also carry on the

Coach & Wheelwright business.

In all its various branches, where Coaches, Gigs Stages, Waggons, Carts, Drays, &c. will be made and repaired in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

WM. & ROBERT LECKY.

Pittsburgh, February 26.——tf

Cash for ASHES.

WE will give the highest price, in cash, for good, clean

Wood Ashes.

We will will also purchase on fair terms,

Pot Ash & Black Salts.

WM. HILL & BROTHERS.

Pittsburgh, January 19.

Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by the subscriber,

200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Baudry, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819. tf

NEW MUSIC.

THE subscriber has just received an additional supply of

New Music and Musical

INSTRUMENTS.

Which with his stock on hand, comprises the most complete assortment ever offered in this place—consisting of

VIOLINS	from	$ 3 to 30
Flutes		3 to 15
Clarionets		10 to 16
Flageolets		1 to 9
Fifes		50 cents to 2
Violin Bows		1 to 9
Violencellos		40

Also a variety of New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON, Rolled ditto,
Nail and Deck Rods,
Crowley & Blister Steel,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,
Spinning-wheel Irons,
Trace and Log chains,
Patent beams and Steelyards,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,
Scythes and sickles,
Drawing-knives & Gridirons,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,
Carpenter's adze',
Plough Irons,
Cow-bells,
Castings, assorted,

Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufac. Tobacco,
Spanish and country Sugars,
Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Rosin soap and candles,
Powder, Shot and Lead,
Earthen & Queensware,
Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Bed cords and Plough lines,
Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.
Cut and Hammer'd Nails,
Coffee mills, Window glass,
Curry combs, Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——

Dennis Saumet,

BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER, has just received, and keeps constantly on hand, the following articles, which he warrants of the best quality—

Macassar and Antique OIL,
Superior Pomatum, in pots—assorted,
Cologne Water,
Transparent, Windsor, Palm, & Castile SOAP,
Gentlemen's fancy pocket Combs,
Razors of the first quality, which will be warranted,
Duff's Razor Strap,
Tooth Brushes and Shaving ditto
Best Spanish Cigars by the box or retail,

With many other articles in his line, too tedious to mention, which he will dispose of on accommodating terms.

Pittsburgh, June 15.

Stray Cow.

STRAYED away from Pittsburgh, on Sunday the 23d of May last, a RED COW, about 12 or 13 years old—has a small neck, lofty horns, a short tail, a white spot on the off side immediately under the rump, both hind feet white, expected to have a calf about the last week in this month (June.) Whoever gives information where she may be found, shall have one dollar, and if brought home to Pittsburgh, shall be entitled to two dollars reward.

JOHN TAYLOR.

June 18.

N. B. No ear mark recollected.

Notice.

HAVING removed to Harrisburgh I have placed my docket papers and business in the hands of CHARLES SHALER, Esq. a gentleman in whose professional skill and integrity my numerous friends and clients may place the most implicit confidence.

The following books are missing from my library, viz. 5th and 6th Binney, 1st Hawkins, 9th Harris' Entries 9th Wilson's Reports—any person having the same will confer an obligation on me by leaving them at Mr. Shaler's *office, next door to the Black Bear inn in the Diamond.*

S. DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, February 12, 1819.——tf

P. S. I will attend to land business and other agencies in Harrisburgh, and those who entrust me with the same may depend on my punctuality.

For Sale,

A Negro Girl,

12 YEARS of age, who has to serve until 28, for terms enquire at this Office.

May 4.

PATENT GAS FIRE,

FOR STEAM BOAT.

A CONCENTRATED FUEL for Steam-Boats has been invented, consisting of Tar or other carbonaceous substance, commingled with Steam,

The apparatus is simple; the management easy and safe. It is a great auxiliary to a wood or coal fire, which it both enlivens, increases and saves—for it seems to combine so rapidly with the oxygen of the air, as to prevent the wood from wasting or consuming so fast as usual, the blaze, notwithstanding, being very active and intense.

The apparatus consists of a double vessel of copper or iron, cylindrical, lying on its side, upon or rather between the boilers, if there are 2.

Tar, Turpentine, Rosin, Spirits, Oil, or other combustible fluid, being put into the inner one, steam is allowed to flow from the boiler through a pipe and cock into the space between and thro' a few holes on the upper side of the inner one to press on the surface of the tar, which being heated by the surrounding steam, is at pleasure driven out through a small pipe (having a stop cock) meeting and uniting with another pipe leading out steam from the space between—the continuation of the pipe then leads to the fire or flue. The longer this pipe (if kept hot) the better. It need not be more than a quarter of an inch in diameter.

In its way the tar is extremely attenuated and mingling with the steam. Some chemists are of opinion that by the attraction of its carbon, it decomposes the steam into the constituents of water, oxygen and hydrogen, and combines with them to form the highly inflamable Gasses, carbonic-acid and carburetted hydrogen, or if not thus formed in the pipe, they are produced at or near its orifice, which need not be more than the tenth of an inch diameter for a boiler of considerable size.

The only art in management, is to graduate the flow of the tar and steam to such proportion as that neither shall appear to predominate, and in taking care that the fluid be previously strained so as not to obstruct the pipe by any extraneous particles. This will easily be done by placing a seive over the reservoir, from which a pipe (having a stop cock) leads into one end of the tar vessel. There is of course a safety valve and a stop cock to draw the condensed steam from between the two vessels, formed there in the beginning of the operation, while the tar was at a low temperature. Its position on the boilers will, however soon heat it. Tar boils only at a much higher temperature than water—there is therefore no danger from it.

The advantages of this kind of fuel will be very great in long passages. No steam boat or vessel can navigate the Ocean without it; and it will be found economical and convenient in every situation.

Being of recent origin, it has not been put in practice in many instances, but in several, under my own observation, and witnessed by many persons, its effects are admirable.

This advertisement is intended to offer its use gratis to a few boats, whose proprietors shall first obtain a licence. The price of this improvement afterwards will be several thousand dollars per boat, which it will be found economical in most situations to pay. The patent right for local use will be for sale after its value shall be further tested.

Licences to use this invention will be granted by

JOHN L. SULLIVAN,

Assignee of the patent of Samuel Morey

Boston, February 19, 1819.

Valuable Real Estate and Ground Rents for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, the following very valuable real estate and ground rents in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit:

One Lot, situate at the corner of Ferry and Water streets, containing 35 feet front on Water street and the Monongahela river, and 98 feet on Ferry street, now in the possession of Mr. Florence Cotter, and occupied as a grocery and liquor store, and rented at 450 dollars per annum.

Also, one lot situated on the west side of Market street, between First and Second streets, containing 23 feet front on Market street by 70 feet deep, at present unoccupied—formerly occupied as a saddler's shop—for which business or for a dry goods store, it is one of the best stands in the city.

Also—ground rent to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, secured upon real estate, on which is erected permanent brick buildings, in some of the most conspicuous parts of the city.

The terms upon which this property will be disposed of are of the most advantageous kind.—A very small portion of the purchase money will be required in hand—and the balance may be paid, either in annual instalments, with interest, or in such portions as may be convenient to the purchaser, payment being secured by mortgage or judgement—It being the object of the subscriber to give a long credit.

Application may be made to Walter Forward, Esq. at his office in the Diamond, or to the subscriber in Pitt township, on the turnpike road, three miles from Pittsburgh, who will describe the property and make known the terms of sale.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

May 16, 1818.——tf

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE

WESTERN CALCULATOR

OR A

NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM

OF PRACTICAL

ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING THE

ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,

IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.

ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED

in a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.

IN EIGHT PARTS.

BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.

September 1, 1818 tf

Information Wanted.

IF any person can give me information where a certain WILLIAM GROGAN, who lately resided with the subscriber, at his farm on the Turnpike, three miles from Pitsburgh, they will confer a very particular favour on me. The object of this notice is to ascertain his place of residence, so that I may procure his testimony in a case pending in this county.

PHILIP WINEBIDDLE.

Pitt township, Allegheny co. June 4.

SELDEN & M'NAIR,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS,

In Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1819.

Storage and Commission Business.

Matthias Winans & Andrew M. January

HAVING entered into partnership to transact the above business, under the firm of WINANS & JANUARY,

as successors to the late firm of Samuel January, Sen. & Co. They hope from their knowledge of said business, and by care and strict attention to merit a share of public patronage.

They have on hand and for sale, a large quantity of

BAR & NAIL IRON—assorted.

Castings—assorted,
Cut Nails—assorted sizes,
Wrought ditto ditto
Iron Wire Sieves, & Riddles, different Nos
Iron Wire Screens, ditto ditto
White Lead in Oil,
Prime Glazed Rifle Powder,
A large quantity of Copperas,

Groceries & Liquors, etc.

ALSO,

A great variety of Books and Stationary, etc.

All of which will be sold low for Cash, or on reasonable credits.

Maysville, April 17, 1819.——M116m

Dissolution of Partnership

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Samuel January, Sen. & Co.* has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted to the said firm will please make payment to Samuel A. January, who is authorised to settle the business, and those having claims against said firm will please call on him for payment.

Samuel January, Sen.
Samuel A. January,
Peter T. January,
Andrew M. January.

Maysville, April 17, 1819. M116m

Henry Bheares,

CHAIR MAKER,

Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at the foot of the Market.

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a handsome assortment of FANCY and WINDSOR CHAIRS and SETTEES, which he offers for sale on accommodating terms.

Having determined to execute every article in his line in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself from that conduct and assiduous attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Orders from a distance can be filled with articles of workmanship equal, if not superior to any made here, and perhaps on more moderate terms.

Wanted immediately, a person who is well acquainted with *Chair Painting* and *Ornamenting*, to whom good wages will be given.

One or two Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will be preferred. Pittsburgh, May 11, 1819.

Workmen Wanted.

TWO REFINERS, TWO HAMMERMEN and FOUR PUDLERS wanted at the *Union Rolling Works*, Pittsburgh. Also, FOUR APPRENTICES, 16 or 17 years of age. Apply to the subscriber at the Works.

JOSHUA MALIN.

April 22, 1819. tf

Wm. Hill and Brothers.

WILL PURCHASE AT FAIR PRICES,

FLOUR, WHISKEY, PORK,

Vinegar,
Peas & Beans,
Tallow,
Hogs-lard

Pittsburgh, January 8, 1819.——2awtf

Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association.

A NUMBER of the Mechanicks and Manufacturers of the City of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, anxious to promote and invigorate that spirit of domestic industry which is so essential to the prosperity of the western country, having entered into an association under the above denomination, inform the public that they have opened a large and convenient Brick Warehouse in Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets, for the reception and sale of the different articles which they manufacture, together with such articles of domestick produce and manufacture as may be deposited for sale, or consigned to their care; and have appointed George Cochran their Chief Clerk or Agent, to whom all orders and communications on the mercantile business of the association, will in future be addressed. They intend to receive, forward and dispose of all goods entrusted to their care, (especially articles of domestick produce and manufacture) on the most reasonable terms, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favour them with their custom and patronage. From the variety and extent of domestic produce and manufactures which may be collected and offered for sale at their Warehouse, with punctuality in paying over the proceeds, and attention to business, a beneficial result is anticipated, as well to the vender as the purchaser.

All orders enclosing the cash for articles manufactured by the members of the association, or sold in their Warehouse, will be promptly and faithfully executed, at the lowest wholesale prices, without any charge for commission, and western current notes taken in payment.

It is also intended to exchange manufactured articles for country produce and raw materials, such as Iron, Lead, Wool, Cotton, Sugar, Salt, Whiskey, Bacon, Hogs-lard, Butter, Cheese, Flaxseed Oil, Hogs Bristles, Linen, Yarn, Rags.

Annexed is a list of articles now offered for Sale.

GEORGE SUTTON,

President of the Association.

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1819. 6t

Axes, adzes and augers	Nails, an assortment
Balances patent	Patent Ploughs and Mould Boards
Bellows, smith	Planes
Brushes, an assort't	Paper, No. 1, 2, 3, &c.
Buttons, bridle butts & bridles	Plated Bridle Bitts, Stirrup Irons, Bridle Mounting, &c.
Blank books,	Shot
Biscuit and crackers	Saddles, Men and Women's
Castings	Scale Beams
Copper stills, counter weights	Steelyards
Castor frames and cre-wets	Sawmill Irons
Chairs & cabinet ware, a variety	Soap
Cutlery, a variety,	Shovel and Tongs
Coffee Mills,	Tobacco
Domestic cloth & cord	Tin Ware
Cashmet and shawls	Tea Kettles, copper and iron
Drawing chains	Tacks and Sprigs,
Edge tools, a variety	Vices and Parrables,
Fixture mounting	Whips, Coach, Gig, and Riding, an assortment, at Philadelphia prices
Grindstones	Whiskey, rectified and common
Glass, window, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 11 by 16	Woffle Irons
Gun barrels assorted	Wire Work;
Hackles, hatchets and hoes	With a variety of articles manufactured in Pittsburgh, not enumerated above.
Hammers	
Hats, an assortment	
Iron, bar and rolled	

Irwin & H. Wallace,

Have just received and offer For Sale

250 bbls. best quality rectified

LAKE SALT

200 BARRELS CONEMAUGH DITTO,

A large quantity of the best quality

COUNTRY LINNEN, BAGS & BAGGING,

Also, about 6 Tons assorted

Juniata Bar Iron,

12 Tons assorted CASTINGS,
8 Tons PIG METAL.

They will receive in payment for Castings,

WOOSTER,
CLEAVELAND,
CANTON,
SMITHFIELD, &
NEW-SALEM

Paper, if offered before the 1st March next.

February 2, 1819.

NOTICE.

GLASER & CO. have resigned their business in this city, to GLASER & CAMMANN, who will continue the same on their own account.

All persons having any demands against *Glaser & Co.* will please to present their accounts, and those indebted to the same to make immediate payment to Glaser & Cammann.

GLASER & CO.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1819.

Augustus Henry Glaser,

AND

Hermann H. C. Cammann,

Have formed a connextion in the

Commission Business,

under the firm of GLASER & CAMMANN.

AUGUSTUS HENRY GLASER,
HERMANN H. C. CAMMANN;

Who have for Sale at their Ware-House in Front Street between Market and Wood Streets,

American Boiler Iron,	Conemaugh Salt,
Nails, Scythes,	Teas,
Cutting Knives,	A few barrels Mackarel,
Window Glass, all sizes,	Blankets,
Porter Bottles,	Canton Crapes, &c.
Hollow Ware	

Allen & Grant

Will RENT from the first of January next, the NEW BRICK

Warehouse,

adjoining the one they occupy

Pittsburgh, December 11, 1818.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1819.

The "Port Folio" for June contains a letter to Doctor Chalmers, which, but for its length, ought to be published in every journal in the United States. It originally appeared in Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine. For some time past, it seems that the Edinburgh Review has been assuming a new political tone; in proportion as this change has taken place, has a laxity in, or rather indifference to all religious matter, distinguished this journal. Doctor Chalmers has, during this period, become one of the principal contributors to this work. This circumstance has excited the feelings of many of the friends of religion and science in Scotland, and has produced the letter alluded to. It is couched in a style of great purity, and in language most temperate and sincere; it is evidently written by a friend of the Doctor's. The design is to deter this celebrated divine from giving the sanction of his name to a journal which, to say the least of it, is negative as far as regards the important business of religion and morality; or if he should feel disposed to persist in participating in this production, to induce him to use his influence to change its plan in some measure, so as to have a portion of it devoted to Theological review and investigation, and to take this department upon himself. That such a work as the Edinburgh Review, which at one time stood in the front rank of European literature, wit and taste, should be so forgetful of the real interests of science and of society, as to give the world the slightest reason to believe that its pages were infected with the least tincture of scepticism, is greatly to be deplored; from the reputation of such a journal, and from the talents of its contributors, almost any effect might be produced which it should desire; but when we behold it indulging in a vein of levity, as regards the sublime doctrines of christianity, of indifference as respects even the necessary political observance of religion, the whole community ought to rise in their might and protest against every individual concerned in the remotest manner. The dreadful evils that have flowed from the combined productions of those writers, at the head of whom stand pre-eminent Voltaire and Rousseau, are still fresh in the memory of every man in society; the wounds, indeed, of Europe are not yet healed; a recurrence of those scenes is much to be deprecated; every thing therefore, which tends in the slightest degree to give countenance to the horrible principles of "modern philosophy," ought to be cautiously guarded against, more particularly when they are presented to the world, under the gilded envelope of wit and genius.

We offer a short extract as a sample of the style of this letter, to induce our readers to take the trouble of giving it an attentive perusal.

"This much is certain, that any foreigner, a stranger to our country and our popular literature, after a perusal of your avowed works, would think himself extremely safe in taking up any number of a periodical work, to which he had been informed that Dr. Chalmers was a contributor. He would never suspect that the sentiments of those who conduct this journal, and the main tenor of their disquisitions, could be at all at enmity to those principles and feelings, of which he already knew you to be so zealous a partaker, and so vigorous a defender.

"If he happened to be a weak man (& all good Christians are by no means to be expected to have strong intellects,) he would much rather question his own eyes or understanding, than the moral or religious tendency of any which he might read in these so consecrated pages. The sanctity of your name would shed an air of reverence over all with which it should be associated; and he would never dream that treason might lurk under those banners of which you were pleased to call yourself the champion.—If any man is told, that some particular work is supported by a person of acknowledged genius, he takes it for granted, that the general talent of this work is at least respectable, and that the great man, for whose name he entertains so much regard, would never stoop to be the coadjutor of a herd of drivellers. Are we to rely with so much more confidence upon the consistency of intellect than upon that of principle? Are we to allow more licence to your Christianity than we would to the genius of another man? The faith which you profess should teach you that the talents you possess must all hereafter be accounted for. If the Judge be severe upon him who buries his talent in the napkin, how, think ye, will he look upon that man who pawns his treasure to be surety of the adversary? Take heed, I beseech you; you know not in what serious evils the indiscretions of a momentary vanity may bring the character and the usefulness of a minister of Christ."

"In spite of every thing, you cannot avoid showing us, who know you, that even in your assumed character of an Edinburgh Reviewer, you still preserve the same ardent love for Christianity which shines with a more effectual splendour among the volumes you have published with your name. In one eloquent passage you even advance and maintain, with no ordinary vigour, the principle, that the extended influence of our religion would of itself be sufficient to remove all those evils of pauperism and poor-rates which at present occupy so much of the attention of the British legislature. This is noble and worthy of you. But do not imagine that the full meaning of the writer will ever be guessed at by the majority of those who read the passage. They are so much accustomed to see the terms of "the truth" & "our holy religion," &c. coupled in this journal with obvious taunts and gibes against the most sacred mysteries of their faith, that they take it for granted the eulogy of Christianity proceeds merely on the ground of temporal utility, and the gospel of Jesus is recommended in England for purposes which would have secured equal enthusiasm in favour of Mahommetanism in Turkey, or Brahmanism in Hindostan. You are thus coupled, in the minds of those who know not your character, but cannot fail soon to recognize the recurrence of your very remarkable style, with that band of humble wits who have been so long contented to earn the applauding smiles of the vulgar, by jokes fattened and refined from the rotten fountains, of *Taureau Blanc*, & the *Dictionaire Philosophique*. That forcible sweep of language with which you are accustomed to confound the enemies of your creed, is associated, in the minds of these strangers, with the ideas of audacious deceit and unblushing charlatanerie. Your sublime flights are supposed to belong to the same school with the majestic exordiums of Œdipus Judaicus; and you are perhaps classed with the author of that singular performance, as a man who degrades genius, erudition, and oratory, into the instruments of superstition and visionary deism."

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette,

GENTLEMEN,

At a period like the present, when every body is complaining of '*hard times*,' will you permit a stranger to offer a few remarks to your readers? During a short visit to this city, I have embraced every opportunity for the investigation of the causes of that general depression under which its industry is now laboring. Aware, before I came here, that these are calamitous times, I was prepared to expect some evidences of effects so general, even in this place; I had conceived however, such views of local policy, adapted to the local circumstances of this region of country, as to have led me to expect a degree of exclusion from the general calamity of these times, far beyond what my present information seems to indicate. My information may be incorrect—but whether or not, it does not affect the queries I propose to offer for the consideration of your readers, on those subjects to which I beg leave to invite public attention. If opportunity permit, I shall extend my remarks through several successive numbers of your paper. I shall freely examine the trade of this country, its effects and ruinous policy, suggest such corrections as seem to me applicable to the circumstances of the case—I shall enquire why are the pursuits of agriculture so strangely neglected; your rentals of farms so very low, and your markets so poorly supplied with the produce of the farm and garden—I shall seek to explain the true cause of the depression of your manufactures, and to develope, as well your latent resources, as the blind infatuation of that plan of policy which you are pursuing. Your whole system is entirely wrong, and I shall find no difficulty in presenting ample evidence of the correctness of this position—I will solve to you the paradox, *why* the Boston folks, always "full of notions," undersell you in the articles of shoes, scythes, &c. and shew you that they *always will*, untill by better husbandry, you raise the rental of land, and thereby lessen the price of articles in your market. And will the rise of rentals reduce the price of butter, and of such articles generally as artisans and common mechanics must buy in your market?—Yes, I answer; and whenever the people shall have found this out, they will have advanced one step on a course of that policy on which must be based the prosperity of Pittsburgh and the surrounding country. *A Stranger in Pittsburgh.*

From the Philadelphia Union.

Extract from the Minutes of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church, in the United States, at their late Session, in the City of Philadelphia.

"The General Assembly, viewing with deep interest the present state of our country, and more especially, the commercial embarrassments which press upon every part of the United States, and the spirit of corrupt and mischievous speculation, which is probably to be regarded as both a cause and an effect of these embarrassments, feel it to be their duty to take this notice of this unhappy state of things, and to express their opinion of the proper remedy.

The Assembly, then, are persuaded, that the evils so general in their prevalence, and so severe in their pressure, primarily on the commercial and manufacturing portions of the community, but, in a considerable degree, on all, owe their origin, in a great measure, to that spirit of cupidity, of adventurous and unjustifiable speculation, of extravagance and luxury, which so unhappily prevails in our country: and also, in no small degree, to the want of that kind of education which is calculated to prepare youth for solid usefulness in the church, and in civil society. The Assembly, therefore, are firmly persuaded, that the effectual remedy for these evils, under God, is to be found only in a recurrence to those principles and duties of our Holy Religion, which are not less conducive to the temporal welfare of man, than to their eternal happiness: and they have no hope that general prosperity can be restored to our country, until there is a return to those habits of industry, temperance, moderation, economy, and general virtue which our christianity inculates.

Under these impressions, the Assembly would earnestly exhort the Churches and people under their care, to take into due consideration the opinions above expressed; to cultivate in themselves, and to endeavor to promote in others, those simple, frugal and regular pursuits, which cannot fail to exert a most benign influence on the best interests of society; and to train up their children in those principles and habits which will prepare them at once, to be useful members of the church, and useful citizens.

They would especially intreat those individuals and families belonging to their communion, whom God has been pleased to favor with temporal wealth, to consider the peculiar importance of their setting an edifying example; so that their whole influence may be employed to discourage fashionable vices and amusements, and to promote the simplicity and purity of Christian practice. And the Assembly would also earnestly exhort all the ministers in their communion to make these sentiments a subject of frequent and serious address to the people of their respective pastoral charges; and to endeavor by all the means in their power to impress on the minds of their hearers, the all important truth, that the religion of Jesus Christ, in its vital power and practical influence, is the best friend of civil society, as well as essential to the eternal well being of man."

Published by order of the Assembly.

WM. NEILL, Stated Clerk.

Philadelphia, June 5, 1819.

Editors of newspapers in our country, are respectfully requested to give the above extract an insertion.

The Sea Serpent still in our Bay.

Our Southern Brethren have made themselves merry at the credulity of the Yankees, in the case of the Sea Serpent which so frequently presented himself to the view of thousands the summer before last; and the corruscations of dramatic wit, under the title of "Sea Serpent, or Gloucester Hoax," have drawn thundering applause from crowded theatres. Still, people are not to be entirely laughed out of their senses; & if human testimony is ever to be admitted on the subject of any phenomenon in nature, we scarcely know of one in which it has appeared so ample than in this, as recorded in the journals of the day, when the occasion arose. We have now further evidence to add to the mass already before the public in regard to the existence of this strange creature. It will be recollected, that his re-appearance in our Bay was announced last week in the Boston Gazette, and repeated by us; he has been seen again, and more leisurely surveyed, from another vessel, the master and mate of which gave in their respective accounts, under the solemn sanction of their oaths—as follows:

I, *Hawkins Wheeler*, of Fairfield, in the county of Fairfield and state of Connecticut, mariner, commander of the sloop Concord, of said Fairfield, in her late passage from New-York to Salem, in the county of Essex & commonwealth of Massachusetts, on oath declare, that during the said passage from New-York to Salem, to wit, on Monday the 6th day of June inst. at about 5 o'clock in the morning, the sloop being as near as could judge, 15 miles N. W. of Race Point, and within sight of Cape Ann, I was at the helm of the sloop, and saw, directly ahead, (the course of the vessel being N. W.) something that resembled a snake, about 100 yards distant from the sloop moving in a S. W. direction. The animal moved in that direction till he had passed athwart the course of the sloop, and appeared directly over the weather bow, when he altered his course to S. E. At this time he had been visible about 5 minutes, when he sunk, and in about 6 or 8 minutes after he appeared directly over the weather quarter, about the same distance from the sloop—he continued in that course about 5 or 6 minutes, when he sunk again, and I saw him no more. His motion was at the rate of about 4 miles an hour when he passed ahead; but after he appeared again on the quarter, his motion was less rapid. To the best of my judgement he was not more than 100 yards from the vessel—the weather was good and clear—it was almost calm, with a light breeze of wind from the S. the vessel was going about 2 knots—I had a fair and distinct view of the creature, and from his appearance am satisfied that it was of the serpernt kind. The creature was entirely black; the head, which perfectly resembled a snake's, was elevated from 4 to 7 feet above the surface of the water, and his back appeared to be composed of bunches or lumps apparently about as large or a little larger than a half barrel; I think I saw as many as ten or twelve, but did not count them; I considered them to be caused by the undulatory motion of the animal—the tail was not visible, but from the head to the last hump that could be seen, was, I should judge, 50 feet. The first view I had of him he appeared like a string of empty barrels tied together, rising over what little swell of the sea there was. What motion I could discern in the body of the animal was undulatory, but he evidently moved his tail under water, and the ripples produced by it indicated a sweeping motion, making a wake as large as the sloop.

HAWKINS WHEELER.

Awful and humiliating contrast.

JOSEPH LANCASTER, eminent as a philanthropist, and whose name is rendered immortal as the founder of a system of education, which is now dispensing its blessings to millions in distant parts of the world, and to thousands in this country—is now delivering lectures in this city *to empty seats!*

"THOMAS PHILLIPPS, Esq." has sung songs to numerous, respectable, and crowded auditors in this & other cities—and notwithstanding the "hard times," has made a pretty handsome fortune, by the aid of much extravagant *newspaper puffing!* and finally, (as the New-York Evening Post informs us) received a present of two large silver pitchers, as a mark of DISTINCTION! *O Tempora! O Mores!*

Washington City Gazette, June 16.

BRIDGETOWN, (Barbadoes) Jan. 25.

Subjoined is the purport of a letter found in a bottle, in front of the Plantation Maida, (Correntine, Coast Berbice,) on the 6th instant. The original is in French.

"*Friday*, 13th Nov. 1818.

"I write this under the dread of either missing Cayenne to-morrow, or of perishing in the attempt to make it.

"I am desirous that this letter should reach Mr. Bernard, sen. a planter in Cayenne, and who I beg not to grieve himself—he has a good brother, my daughter Laura, and her little ones left to console him. I recommend to his care my little Caroline, whom I have left boarded (restee en pension) at Nantes, and who in losing her mother loses her all—her father being very old.

"I embarked the 1st of August, with my two daughters, Albertina de la Grave and Fanny, and we have been tossing about on the sea ever since—the captain of our brig, the Hope, (L'Esperance) of Bordeaux, carried us, without knowing any better, to the Coast of Africa; in 25 degrees of longitude, and in the latitude of Sierra Leone, he supposed himself off Cayenne, when he fell in with a vessel from New York, bound to Buenos Ayres, called the Horatio, the master of which showed him really where he was—he then stood again to the westward and approached near the land; has this evening anchored close to it it entirely ignorant where he is. We were this morning in latitude 4, 32, and have made little head way since; but as he intends getting under weigh to-morrow morning, and leaving this hole, which he calls the Bag of Aprocapue, I am of opinion that he will either run us into the breakers between the Grand Constable (Grand Connetable) and the land, or else miss Cayenne altogether. My children are gay and unconcerned; but me, alas! I tremble at being in such ignorant hands.

"Adieu, my children; if we perish, send up your prayers and supplications for me and your sisters, and preserve us in your remembrance, the idea of which I feel to be as necessary to me as existence itself.

(Signed)

"Maria Charlotte Guiot Darpaire, widow of the late Monsieur De la Grave, and now wife of Monsieur Salardier, Contractor of the Post at Nantes.

"My father is at Angouleme.

"Monsieur Bernard Ame, at Cayenne.'

SUMMARY.

The Poet's Grave.

PLAINTIVE GAELIC AIR.

The rose, that blooms to charm the eye,
The lily of the vale must die;
The harp, that beauty's praises rung,
Like Beauty's self must lie unstrung.

When the Poet's eye has ceased to roll
From earth to heaven, from pole to pole,
His harp, that sung of heroes brave,
Shall vibrate oe'r its master's grave.

In the time of the inimitable *Shakespeare*, the prices of admission to the Theatres, were to the boxes one shilling, to the pit sixpence, and to the gallery two pence.

An order has been issued, we understand, by the lady Patronesses of ALMANACK's, to prevent the admission of Gentlemen in *Trowsers* and *Cossacks* to the balls on Wednesday—at the same time allowing an exception to those Gentlemen who may be *knock kneed*, or otherwise unfortunately deformed.

A gentleman of Farnham, riding down a hill in the neighbourhood, on one of the new hobby-horses, the horse ran away with him, or, more properly speaking, proceeded with so much velocity that he could not succeed in stopping it. Unfortunately, he came in contact with a post, by which means the machine was overset, and the gentleman broke his arm.

M'Dermott & Bartram,

At their Warehouse in Market Street, between Second and Third streets,

PITTSBURGH,

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of

Groceries, Wines & Liquors,

Which they will sell on low and accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following Articles:

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Souchong TEAS *of first quality*
Prime Green Coffee in Bags and Barrels,
Common ditto,
Spanish flotant & Bengal Indigo,
Loaf and lump Sugar,
Muscovado ditto,
Spanish Cigars,
Common ditto,
Rice, Copperas,
English Refined Saltpetre,
Brimstone, Allum, Madder,
Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs.
Alspice, Mace, Ginger,
Pepper, Mustard,
Madeira, Teneriffe & Lisbon WINES *of a superior quality*
4th Proof Cognac Brandy,
ditto, Jamaica Spirits,
Holland Gin, Common Gin,
Whiskey,
Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

N. B. *ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.*

November 20. mo2

B. Darlington,

Has just received at his *Hardware Store*, Market Street, between Third and Fourth Streets,

A general assortment of

Hardware and Cutlery,

together with a general assortment of

SADDLERY

Consisting of

COTTON and straining web, plated bitts mountings, stirrups, buckles and slides, tinned curb bitts and stirrups, morocco skins, seal skins and white leather. Shovels and spades, socket shovels and steel hoes, mill, cut, whip and boat hand saws, anvils, English blister steel, and cast steel. Also, on hand,

4000lbs. Block Tin,

All which will be sold wholesale and retail, on accommodang terms.

Pittsburg January 22, 1819. tlwtf

Louisville Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that conformably to an act of the Legislature of the commonwealth of Kentucky, approved January 31st 1812, the Louisville Insurance Company have been duly organized, and that one hundred thousand dollars of its capital have been paid in, and that this company are now ready to make Insurances on Vessels, Boats or Crafts navigating the Western waters, and upon Goods, Wares and Merchandize transported thereon.

THOMAS PRATHER, Pres't.

F. E. GODDARD, Secretary.

Louisville May 4. 257

The Copartnership

HERETOFORE existing between the subscribers under the firm of SAMUEL EDGAR & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having demands will please present them, and those indebted are requested to make immediate payment to George Sutton, who is duly authorised to settle the concerns of the firm.

Samuel Edgar,
George Sutton.

Pittsburgh, June 8, 1819.

$100 Reward,

FOR apprehending and securing a Negro Man, named

ABEL,

who eloped from the subscriber, on the 1st day of May, between the towns of Brownsville and Pittsburgh, about 10 miles above the latter. It is presumed he will proceed to Brownsville or Pittsburgh. He is near 6 feet high—very black, has thick lips, and is rather spare made than otherwise—he is about 23 years of age—had on when he went off a dark coloured cloth coat. The person apprehending said negro will forward the information of his being taken as soon as practicable to the subscriber living in Henderson, Ken. If the negro be apprehended before the first of July next, the apprehender will write as speedily as possible to Samuel G. Hencock, Centreville, Fairfax County, Virginia, who will pay the above reward and all reasonable charges.

WILLIAM HENCOCK.

May 1.

Farmers and Mechanics Bank

OF PITTSBURGH.

THE Stockholders in the Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh, are requested to meet at the Banking house of said Bank, on Wednesday the 14th of July, at 10 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of taking into consideration the affairs of the Institution.

By order of the Board of Directors,

MORGAN NEVILLE, Cashier.

June 15.

Bauduy's

BRANDYWINE POWDER.

110 KEGS

Just received, and For Sale by

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

PITTSBURGH.

Tuesday, June 29, 1819.

A letter from a respectable house in Louisville, Kentucky, to Messrs. Bonnet and Rouaud of this place, dated the 14th of June, mentions, that several cases of the Yellow Fever had occurred in that town, and that those who were attacked with it, died! Would not some quarantine measures be prudent on the part of our city, as boats may be arriving from that place frequently during the warm weather?

The delegation system has again been put in operation; from certain symptoms displayed on the occasion, and from the alledged thinness of the different township meetings, we are induced to believe that this aristocratic and dangerous feature in the practice of Pennsylvania politics, is on the wane. We confess that we are surprised that it has lasted so long among a people so proud of their independence, and so alive to individual rights, as are the citizens of Allegheny county. The least reflection would convince them that they are sanctioning a rule which a few years more of practice, will be made use of to take the power out of the hands of the many, and place it in the hands of a few leaders; it is not, in this case, the yeomanry of the country who are to be feared; these find ample employment both for their mind and time in their ordinary and necessary avocations. The danger is alone created in our villages and towns, where the frequent and intimate intercourse among individuals out of employment, of desperate fortunes, or of unbounded ambition, affords more time, more motive, and greater necessity for organizing their system of intrigue and policy. Is it possible that our country population, who are duped by this system, and blindly give it their support, think that they have actually any participation in what is falsely called the nomination? let them reflect, let them remember the transactions of the preceding year, and the different interviews they have had during this period with the file leaders, or their agents in the different towns, and they cannot fail to acknowledge, that every individual among them appears at their meetings, with their minds made up from the information & artful instruction which they have received at different times. Would our honest yeomanry believe that a ticket is fixed upon in Pittsburgh, months before a meeting of delegates is thought of? they would be astonished to be told so; probably they would not credit it; *but the thing* is but too true; the whole business of the election is arranged here in the very commencement of the year, and the proper engines are immediately set in operation to prepare the minds of the delegates or their electors, to act in obedience to these plans, by the time a meeting is announced. When it is considered that sufficient preparation has been made, a meeting is called by some self-constituted authority; the acts of this meeting are then gravely published to the district as the deliberate opinion and wish of the county. The susceptibility to corruption, in many other respects that distinguishes this system, offers such glaring obstacles to its popularity, that it is singular it has not been exploded long ago. How was feeling outraged last fall! how many votes were given against the dictates of conscience and of sound judgment! how often were our ears assailed with the honest, sincere, but weak confession, "I shall vote with the delegation because it may be necessary to the support of the party; I would much rather however vote differently, & I am satisfied it would be for the interest of the country to do so." Do the people at large consider the meaning of this term, supporting a party? do they suppose that supporting a party is synonimous with supporting their country? let them view the subject a little more closely, and this delusion will vanish; supporting a party is nothing more than upholding the interests, personal and political, of a few individuals, who are constantly kept before the public, as if they possessed personal claims. Let these men be driven from office and public employment, and their deluded followers would soon see the futility of these party distinctions. What good has Pennsylvania derived from this system? on an honest and candid retrospection it will be found that, by it, the men of the first talents and the greatest capability have been kept back, while the destinies of our country are entrusted to persons whose only qualifications exist in an empty name. These observations are intended to apply to this system in the abstract; it is not our object at this time to canvass the fitness of the persons who have been taken up by the delegation; another opportunity will be taken for the purpose; in the mean time it is probable that a few facts elucidating the conduct of the late delegation will be prepared and set before the public in all their splendour. Our wish is to destroy that practice, which last fall received the decided disapprobation of the county.

A season like the present is not remembered in this country; the drought has continued so long, and so unvarying as to create the most melancholy anticipations on the subject of our agricultural prospects. The oats is represented to us as being in a wretched state, and the corn not much better; the effect is plainly perceptible in our market, which we venture to say, is the dearest, in the vegetable department, of any in the United States.

By an advertisement in the Philadelphia papers, it appears that the Americans, with their usual ingenuity, are making vast improvements on Baron von Drais' celebrated Velocipede. A third wheel has been added, and in one case a light carriage has been attached to the the machine, sufficient to contain two children. A friend of ours has lately seen them in full operation at the Vauxhall garden and one who spent an evening in "learning to ride," declares, unequivocally, that they come up completely to the description given of them in the papers, and that they might be made to answer many useful purposes. He described to us a party which was made to ride from Germantown to Philadelphia; the party consisted of several grave and learned gentlemen, who performed the trip in as short a time as real horses could have done. We should be happy to see these "animals" introduced into this country; whilst oats are selling at sixty-two cents a bushel, it would be a serious saving to our Sunday equestrians to be able to bestride a "bit of blood" that feels the common wants of mortality no more than do the "coursers of the Sun." We earnestly recommend their adoption to the gentlemen concerned in the large manufactories in our neighbourhood; a visit to the paper mill and rolling factory would be nothing on one of these 'beasts.' A learned member of our bar has promised to attend the Washington circuit on one, provided he can ascend the Coal-hill with it; we fear there will be some difficulty here, however. *Hic labor hoc opus erit.*

In Philadelphia, 20,000 persons are daily begging the manufacturers for work. The price paid there by the Commissary General, for making a pair of pantaloons, or a shirt for a soldier is 12½ cents. Thus a woman to earn $1,50 per week, must make two shirts or two pair of pantaloons each day. In New-York, the same thing exists.—I have seen 600 women at daylight before a counting-house in Greenwich street, soliciting work of a manufacturer.—*Con. Cour.*

RICHMOND, June 12.

Yesterday, as a negro drayman was driving his dray at Rocketts, he was very near running over the child of an Irish Grocer, who saw and was irritated by the danger of his child. Impelled by his passions, he sallied out, with an axe, broke the skull and several ribs of the unfortunate drayman who died we understand upon the spot. The unhappy man was immediately arrested, and is now in jail to answer to the laws.

From the Nat. Intelligencer, June 16.

AN INDIAN WAR BREWING.

A letter from a gentleman at Belle Point, on the Arkansaw, to another in this city, says, that the Cherokee and Osage Indians are on the eve of another war. That the Cherokees are the aggressors, it is said, there is no doubt. They had, within a few days, stolen forty horses from the Osages; and, in taking them home, they killed four men, and wounded several more. This mode of procedure is looked upon by the Osage nation as a war measure, and justly. There are a number of the more northern Indians who are urging the Osages to war, and offer them assistance, &c. It is said that Major Bradford, of the rifle regiment, who commands at Fort Smith, sent word to them, if there was a war to be carried on, he must have a hand in it, and that they must and should suspend hostilities until they heard from him. He was to hold a council with them in a few days.

NEW-ORLEANS, Jany. 16.

Mayoralty of New-Orleans.

A Cure for Canine Madness.

Mr. Chabert, a physician from the university of Montpellier, lately arrived in this city, has just made known to me a remedy for the Canine Madness, which has been pointed out as a specific by the Italian physicians.

The remedy was published in the Piedmontese Gazette of the 8th of May last, from which it was literally copied by Mr. Chabert himself, before his leaving France. The discovery of it is due to professor Brugnatelli, and it would be the more advantageous to try by experiments the confidence which it may be entitled to, that the use of the remedy can occasion no dangerous consequences. I therefore consider it my duty to make it known to my fellow citizens, by publishing the following as it has been transmitted to me:

"Thanks to the celebrated Professor Brugnatelli, an efficacious remedy has at last been discovered against Canine Madness, perhaps the most horrid of all diseases. That remedy consists in hydroclore (acid muriatick ox: aqueux) used as well inside of the body as on the exterior parts of it. The wound produced by the bite of mad animals must be washed with it. It appears that that substance destroys the Hydrophobic poison, even when used several days after a bite. A number of well authenticated cures operated by that simple means, in the great hospitals of Lombardy, do not permit to doubt the powers of that precious remedy.

"*New-Orleans, Jan.* 15, 1818.

"AGU. MACARTY, Mayor."

SOUTH AMERICAN INTELLIGENCE.

Communicated for publication in the Washington City Gazette.

The following abstract of information very lately received, verbally and by letter, from persons of the highest respectability in Augostura and the West India Islands, is entitled to implicit credit. It is furnished solely for the gratification of citizens interested in the cause of South American Independence, more especially in that of Venezuela.

Two brilliant affairs have lately taken place between detachments from the respective armies in the neighbourhood of the Aranca river, in the province of Barinas; both of which terminated in favor of the Independents. In the first. Col. Pigott, a foreign officer of merit, greatly distinguished himself—having had two horses killed under him. Suffice it to say, that the royalists were driven from their position. The latter enterprise is one of the most extraordinary recorded in the annals of modern and ancient warfare.

General Paez, commander of the cavalry composed of the free people of colour and blacks of the plains, called Llaneros, had repeatedly solicited permission from General Bolivar, to attack the enemy's camp, with a select band of volunteers, but was as often refused. The attack appeared too hazardous and partial, to justify approbation; and that officer, instructed by experience, resolved not to hazard the reduction of his force by detachments.

The Fabian or Washingtonian system in short, was adopted; and the president of the republic seemed inflexible in maintaining it. He would not risk a decisive battle with half his army; but await the co-operation of the expedition from Margaritta. Nevertheless, he yielded to the importunities of Paez, and allowed him for once to indulge in his chivalrous projects. Thus licenced, that officer requi-150 volunteers, his own guard of honour included. It is unnecessary to state, that the summons was received with acclamations; 4 lieut. colonels and colonels, and 50 captains immediately joined their leader. Being disincumbered of all unnecessary accoutrements, the detachment instantly crossed the river in front of Morillo's main army, who were doubtless surprised at temerity so unexampled. Paez approached him within speaking distance, (or as a sailor would say, within hail) and challenged his antagonists to come and take him with his little party. He had brought no more lest he should affright them; but hoped that Morillo would not be intimidated by a handfull of lancers, who had left a river in their rear, and now had an army before them. Provoked by this bantering defiance, Morillo ordered large detachments to defile from right and left, in order to surround the enemy and cut off his retreat. This was the very movement which Paez awaited; on its execution he calculated his success. Prompt at the moment, therefore, he gave laconic orders to his little column, who, with lance in rest, rushed directly on the Spanish line. Opening their passage to the rear they wheeled about and penetrated to the front again, with prodigious slaughter. The enemy s ranks were thrown into confusion and dismay, by several and terrible repetitions of those daring charges; and 500 of their number were either killed or wounded. Paez himself is reported to have lanced nine with his own hand; captain Grand, a Scotch officer, killed five, & others distinguished themselves equally in the work of carnage. With the loss of three or four of his gallant corps, the immortal Paez, recrossed the Aranca, and rejoined the army in triumph. All were electrified to admiration, or petrified to astonishment at this achievement. The names of every individual appear in the bulletin, and each was presented with a badge of the order of *libertado de Venezuela;* an honour which many of them had attained already.

Colonel English has arrived at Margaritta, as the public are already informed. Colonel Ursla has reached the same destination. When English anchored off Port Spain, he received a special permission from governor Woodward, to land & remain ashore for 24 hours; but this passport was not penned in a friendly mood, as it was reflected on Mr. English for proceeding towards the neighboring provinces in revolt, contrary to his majesty's proclamation of November 1817. He landed: but, finding that governor Woodward was arming and manning the steam boat, to send her along side of his squadron, in order to entice his soldiers to desert, he hurried back, with an emphatic threat, confirmed *a la militaire*, by an oath or two, that if she came along side he would instantly sink her. Sir Ralph Woodward then abandoned his expedition, and Mr. English pursued his voyage to Margarita.

A Prussian Colonel had touched at Trinadad, on his way to Bolivar's camp. He is instructed to tender him the services of 4003 Prussian troops, on condition that he would allow the merchants of Hamburgh, &c. to export with them, as great a quantity of merchandize as they pleased—*duty free.*

The British sloop of war Fly reports, that 1600 Tyrolese troops had reached Margaritta from Europe, and that the expedition which was nearly ready for sea would consist of 2500 European & 3000 native troops. They are well equipped, and appeared in high spirits.

Cumana was said to be in a state of starvation. We ought to have mentioned in its proper place, that in the defeat of gen. Torre's division, by the patriots, an interesting correspondence with Morillo, was taken by the victors. From this it appears, that an expedition from Lima menaced New Grenada. One account states, that an invading army had actually entered it, and that the Spaniards were flying in all directions.

Sun-flower Oil.—Sun-flower seed (says a New-York paper) makes a pure white oil. It is excellent either to mix with paint, to burn in lamps, or to use for the table. I wish the Agricultural Societies would take the subject into consideration, it *will* become of great importance before long, and why not commence it now?

The numerous uses to which oil may be put, make it necessary that we should turn some attention to the subject, and not to send to Europe for it.

Thomas Jefferson speaking of the usefulness of sweet oil, observed, that should a man be obliged to choose which he would live upon, bread or oil, that he had much better make choice of the latter and be without bread than to be without oil.

TUAM, (Ireland,) April 25.

A short time ago, a man who resides near Portumna, in the upper part of this county, experienced the awful visitation of providence in the following manner: It seems that a poor widow woman and himself were in partnership in the purchase of a profitable tract of land, the annual rent of which amounted to about 60 pound, of which sum each paid 30 pound. Previous to this unfortunate man's going to pay his March rent, he called on his partner to know if she was ready to accompany him, and take up their receipts according to custom. The poor woman said she was not then prepared, having only 20 pounds at the time; but if he took it to the landlord, he might give her time for another week. He accordingly took the money, and went off—but judge of the astonishment of the woman, when, about 12 days after the landlord came to demand his rent. She instantly related to him the circumstance, at the conclusion of which the man was sent for.—On his being questioned by the landlord on the subject, he totally denied it, and seemed to have no knowledge at all of the affair. At length the poor widow, in a seeming half distracted rage, exclaimed in a loud voice—"My God! My God! will you allow such conduct to go unpunished; you who was our only witness?" To which the hardened wretch replied; "if you call your God as a witness, he must be blind at that time, for indeed there was no such thing." Scarcely had these last words escaped his lips when he fell senseless on the floor, in which dreadful situation he still continues, and with very little hopes of recovery! A short time previous to his being removed to his own house, the parish priest and a doctor arrived, but neither of them could afford him the least relief. At the request of the poor widow they examined his person, when, to the utter horror and astonishment of all present, even his afflicted wife, who was in the house at the time, they found the money, and in the very same way as she handed it to him!

We have received this morning the Paris papers of Sunday last. They state, that the intelligence of a plot to poison the Emperor of Austria in Italy has been confirmed. It was to have been carried into execution at Rovigo, and was discovered only a very short time before the appointed moment of its execution. How the discovery was made is not mentioned; but probably by the compunctious treachery of one of the conspirators.—Private letters from Italy affirm that more than two hundred persons have been arrested in consequence of this plot. The Morning Chronicle will no doubt discover, again, that if there be a plot at all, it is a plot of the Emperor Francis and his own Court, got up with due formalities as a necessary preliminary towards exercising some despotick measures in that country. *Lon. Courier.*

MARRIED—on Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Francis Herron, Mr. CHARLES WALLACE to Miss MARIA PETERS, daughter of Mr. Lewis Peters—all of this city.

Dr. John H. Irwin,

HAVING established himself at the house of Col. WM. LEE, about 7 miles west of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, tenders his professional services to the people of his neighbourhood.

He brought with him from Philadelphia, some genuine VACCINE VIRUS, for those who wish their children vaccinated.

June 29.

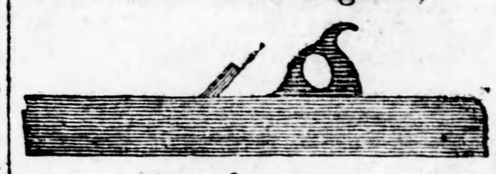
Stray Cow.

STRAYED away from Pittsburgh, on Monday the 14th of June, a small, dark, brindled COW, about 7 or 8 years old—She has a white face, brown ears, short crooked horns, a white stripe along her back to the rump, white belly, and very short legs, whoever gives information where she may be had shall receive Three dollars reward, and if returned to me in Pittsburgh, all reasonable charges.

JAMES THOMSON, *Watch-Maker*

Pittsburgh, June 29.

Swetman & Hughes,



Manufacturers,

Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fourth street,

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully inform their friends and the public generally that they continue their Manufactory at the above stand, where from their strict attention to business and the excellence of the workmen employed, they are enabled to execute every thing in their line in the best manner.

Orders from any part of the western country, promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, June 29, 1819.

Wants a Situation,

BY a steady, active young man, who is well qualified to take charge of a Steam-Boat, on any of the western waters. Very respectable references will be given.

All letters (post paid) directde to the office of the Baltimore Patriot, will be duly attended to.

Baltimore June 29

Sacking Bottoms.

A quantity of Sacking Bottoms,

Of the best workmanship, for sale by

HENRY DOANE,

Corner of Wood & First streets.

Pittsburgh, June 29.

NOTICE.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between *RICHARD BOWEN, GEORGE BOWEN and TERENCE FARRELLY,* under the firm of Richard Bowen & Co. was dissolved on the first day of February last, by mutual consent. T. FARRELLY.

Pittsburgh, June 29.

Marshall's Sales.

BY virtue of a writ of sale in Admiralty, to me directed, by the judge of the United States in and for the Western district of Pennsylvania, will be exposed to sale, by public outcry, on Monday the 12th day of July next, at 10 o'clock A. M. to the highest and best bidder, the BOAT or vessel called the

Geneva Boxer,

together with her furniutre, tackle, apparel, &c. now lying at the mouth of Wood street—On the libel of William D. Schecker, and others, mariners, for wages.

WM. B. IRISH, Marshal,

W. D. of Penn.

Pittsburgh, June 28, 1819.

NOTICE.

A STATED meeting of the Trustees of the *Western University of Pennsylvania,* will be held at 9 o'clock, on Monday the 5th of July next, at the Academy in Pittsburgh.

June 29.

I. DOANE,

Offers for sale at his ware-house on the Bank near Wood street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

HARDWARE

Ironmongery,

CUTLERY &c.---Among which are

Steel of all kinds, Saws, Tools, Wire, Round Iron, Spikes, Nails, Boat Nails, Anvils, Vices, CASTINGS, &c. &c.

ALSO,

TAR & ROSIN—by the barrel,

50 Kegs best manufactured TOBACCO.

Commission Business,

Attended to as usual.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1819.---y

A few pounds of the genuine

Pipsissiway,

or PYROLA UMBELLATTA, so celebrated for the cure of CANCERS; collected by a medical gentleman, on the Brandywine, near Wilmington, Del. For Sale.

The Person

WHO lost on the Philadelphia road, a few days since, a BANK NOTE, may hear of it at this office.

June 2.

M. P. Cassilly,

Market, between Third and Fourth streets,

IS OPENING

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

British, French, India and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

Which he will sell cheap for Cash or at a short credit.

ALSO—GREEN COFFEE, by the bag.

BRANDY & WINES,

BENGAL INDIGO, by the keg.

FRESH RAISINS, by the box,

Kenhawa & Lake Salt,

BY THE BARREL.

Pittsburgh, June 25.

A Wet Nurse Wanted.

ONE who can come well recommended, will find a good situation. Enquire at this office.

June 18, 1819.

NOTICE.

Mr. Gilbert M'Kown,

MERCHANT, of the city of Pittsburgh, having made an assignment of his estate to the subscribers in trust for his creditors, those persons indebted to him, will please to make payment, and his creditors render their demands to either of the subscribers.

CHRISTIAN LATSHAW,
JOHN SPEAR.

Pittsburgh, June 15.

FAMILY

MEDICINES.

Sodaic Powders,

For making Soda Water, in the highes degree of perfection.

BY means of these powders, a glass of Soda Water may be formed at pleasure, equally grateful, salutary and refreshing with what is made at the machine. They will be found particularly desirable to families in the country, travellers, &c. being put up in small boxes containing sufficient for twelve glasses of Soda Water.

WHITWELL'S
Volatile Aromatic Head Ache
SNUFF,

particularly serviceable for disorders of the head, and recommended to persons affected with *dull nervous head ache, catarrh, drowsiness, dimness of the eyes, deafness, hypochondria, &c, &c.*

MILNOR'S
Hooping Cough Syrup;

A valuable medicine for Coughs, Astmah, and other complaints of the breast, &c.

PAUL'S
Columbian Oil,

Recommended for the cure of sprains, wounds, rheumatism, &c.

LEE'S
Windham Bilious Pills,

Celebrated for their efficacy in Bilious complaints, sick stomaah, head ache, &c.

Mahy's Plaister Cloth,

A sovereign remedy for ulcers, sore breasts, biles, sore legs, sprains, bruises, pains in the back, &c.

Dr. Robertson's
Stomachic Etixir of Health,

For the cure of coughs, colds, consumption, the hooping cough, asthma, pains in the breast, bowel complaint, &c.

Dr. Robertson's
Vegetable Nervous Cordial,

Recommended for the cure of all nervous complaints, inward weakness, depression of the spirits, head ache, tremor, faintness, hysteric fits, debility, excessive use of mercury, diseases peculiar to females, &c.

Dr. Robertson's
Gout and Rheumatic Drops

A safe and effectual cure for the gout, rheumatism, lombago, stone and gravel, swellings and weakness of the joints, sprains, bruises, pains in the head and face, frosted feet, &c.

Dr Robertson's
Stomachic Bitters,

Celebrated for strengthening a weak stomach encreasing the appetite, and a certain preventative and cure for the fever and ague, &c.

Dr. Robertson's
Worm Destroying Lozenges,

Which will effectually expel every species of worms from the human body. Price 50 cents.

Dr Dyott's
Anti-Bilious Pills,

For the prevention and cure of bilious and maguant fevers. Price 25 cents—large boxes 50 ents.

Dr. Dyott's Itch Ointment,

Dr Dyott's
Tooth Ache Drops,

Price 50 cents.

Circassian Eye Water,

Celebrated for curing most disorders of the eyes Price 50 cents.

The Restorative Dentrifice,

For cleaning, whitening, and preserving the teeth and gums. Price 50 cents per box.

A supply of the above MEDICINES, just received and for Sale, by

JOHN G. O'BRIEN.
Druggist, Wood Street.

Pittburgh April 21, 1819.

The Subscribers

INTENDING to decline business, offer for sale their ESTABLISHMENT, including all their stock, consisting of

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
Dry Goods, Hardware, etc

The store room they now occupy, is one of the best established stands in the city with a commodious WAREHOUSE attached; and the assistance of the subscribers will be given, for some time, in making sales snd purchases, if required.

N. Cunningham & Wilson.

Pittsburgh, June 18—6t

☞ ALL persons indebted to the above firm are requested to make immediate payment.

Samuel Livermore,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
NEW-ORLEANS.

REFERENCES—Henry Baldwin, esq. William Robinson, Jr. PITTSBURGH.—John H. Clark esq. Vernon & Blake, John H. Crane esq. LOUISVILLE.

June 15.

A Wet Nurse Wanted.

ONE who can come well recommended, will find a good situation. Enquire at this office.

June 18, 1819.

Windy Works!!

Pittsburgh Factory,

CORNER OF SMITHFIELD AND THIRD STREETS,
WHERE ARE MADE,

Forge & Tilt-hammer,

SILVER, WHITE, BLACK AND COPPER SMITH, NAILORS AND BRAZIERS

BELLOWS,

Of a quality equal to any in the United States.

Orders from any part of the Western Country filled with despatch, and shipped per order.

Liberal discounts made to merchants and others who purchase to sell again.

J. W. TREMBLY.

April 23, 1819. 2aw1m1aw2m1amtf

TWO Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will have the preference.

Charles Postley's Patent
COOKING STOVE
OR PORTABLE KITCHENS.

MANUFACTURED and sold by HENRY MILLER & Co in 2d street, two doors from the corner of Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

This Stove with fixtures complete, comprises every necessary article of apparatus for an extensive cooking establishment.

The different sizes are calculated to do the cooking for small or large families, public houses and Steam-boats, and are so extremely simple in their construction as to be managed with ease by a child, twelve or fourteen years of age.

With this Stove may be cooked, by baking, roasting, boiling and by steam, a sufficiency of meats, fish, fowls and vegetables, to make a dinner for from 5 to 100 persons, while at the same time may be baked from 1 to 8 loaves of bread.

A wooden vessel containing from twenty to fifty gallons of water, can also be kept boiling, for the purposes of washing, &c. All these are done simultaneously and with one small fire.

The circumstance of these Stoves having got into very general use at the eastward, within 2 or 3 years past, particularly in the cities of New-York and Baltimore, with the rapid sale and general approbation they have met with since their first introduction last winter, west of the mountains, are sufficient testimonials of their utility and advantage.

The subscribers having purchased of the patentee the right for making and vending said Stoves in the Western country, is ready to execute with punctuality and despatch, all orders at his Manufactory, as above, where also may be had, Cast and Sheet Iron Stoves, suitable for Parlours, Offices, Stores & Bed-rooms, to which boilers may be attached if wanted.

The proprietors to accommodate persons residing in different parts of the country, have opened a store in Main street, Cincinnati, and also appointed agents, as follows—OHIO, N. C. Findly, Zanesville; James Effinger, Lancaster; John M'Coy, Chilicothe. KENTUCKY, Samuel January, Sen. & Co. Maysville; J. & P. Dudley, Frankfort; J. B Bowles, Louisville; Luther Stephens & Co. Lexington. TENNESSEE, Joseph Litton, Nashville. INDIANA, James Cochran, Madison. LOUISIANA, James C. Wilkins, Natchez. MISSOURI TERRITORY, Messrs. Neal and Liggett, St. Louis.

H. MILLER & Co.

May 7, 1819.

H. Bonnet and Rouaud,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly received large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,	Canton Crape,
Plaids,	Lace Shawls,
Sheeting,	Viels,
Ticking,	Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLE SKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19. ——

The Subscriber

OFFERS his services to his friends and the public as a

Surveyor;

and he hopes by his industry and attention to business to merit a portion of public patronage.

MAGNUS M. MURRAY.

Pittsburgh, March 5.

FOR SALE,
67 Barrels of New Orleans
SUGAR,

Received by the Steam Boat Constitution.—Apply to J. WHITING.

Pittsburgh, May 25, 1819.——4t.

POWDER.

Purviance's Genuine Rough & *GLAZED*
POWDER,

FOR SALE BY
M'DERMOTT & BARTRAM.

Pittsburgh, June 4. 3m

COFFEE.

Prime Green COFFEE,
IN BAGS,

FOR SALE, BY
ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, April 30.

WILLIAM H. DENNY, & HENRY M. CAMPBELL

HAVE associated in the practice of the LAW. Their office is in Third, five doors west of Wood street.

Pittsburgh, May 21.

New-Jersey
NAVIGATION LOTTERY.

By authority of the State of New-Jersey, passed February 1819.

To be drawn at CAMDEN, opposite the city of PHILADELPHIA.

SCHEME.

1	prize of 20,000 Dollars	is	20,000
2	10,000 Dollars	is	20,000
4	5,000 Dollars	is	20,000
5	3,000 Dollars	is	15,000
6	2,000 Dollars	is	12,000
25	1,000 Dollars	is	25,000
20	500 Dollars	is	10,000
40	200 Dollars	is	8,000
60	100 Dollars	is	6,000
220	20 Dollars	is	4,400
7960	10 Dollars	is	79,600

8343 Prizes. 16657 Blanks—Not two blanks to a prize.

FLOATING PRIZES.

1	Prize of 10,000 Dollars	is	10,000
2	5,000		10,000
2	3,000		6,000
3	2,000		6,000
15	1,000		15,000
15	500		75,00
40	200		8,000
60	100		6,000
220	20		4,400
7960	10		79,600

STATIONARY PRIZES.

The first drawn Blank on the

1st	day $3,000	14th	day $1,000
2d	500	15th	1,000
3d	500	16th	1,000
4th	500	17th	1,000
5th	500	18th	2,000
6th	500	19th	2,000
7th	1,000	20th	2,000
8th	1,000	21st	3,000
9th	1,000	22d	3,000
10th	1,000	23d	5,000
11th	1,000	24th	10,000
12th	1,000	25th	20,000
13th	5,000		

25,000 Tickets at 10 Dols.
WITHOUT DEDUCTION.

To draw THREE times a week, and 1000 numbers each day. Prizes payable without deduction, Sixty days after the drawing is completed.

INTERNAL NAVIGATION, the object of the above scheme, must be allowed by all, to be of the highest importance to these United States, and every good citizen must feel himself deeply interested on every intimation of undertakings, having internal improvement in view, being set on foot, and be desirous of aiding according to his abilities, towards the promotion thereof.

Under these impressions, the Commissioners in presenting the above scheme to a generous public, feel a confidence of general and universal support and encouragement, but more particularly from their sister States, Pennsylvania, New-York, Delaware and Maryland; who, we may safely say, have never appealed in vain to their sister state of New-Jersey; but on the contrary, have been, and ever will be, generously supported by her, in the like and other improvements.

As to the Scheme, the commissioners have endeavoured to suit it to the circumstances of all The low price of tickets will preclude very few from an opportunity of securing an independence for life, or acquiring a very handsome remuneration for the trifle advanced.

The many rich prizes it contains, with the others, will all be paid without deduction at the Camden Bank, where the money received for the Tickets will be deposited immediately, for the sole use of the Lottery.

Although there are 25 Capital Stationary Prizes amounting to ☞ $67,500, one for each drawing day, yet there remain afloat as many large and valuable prizes, amounting to the sum of $152,500, as are generally to be met with in a whole Scheme, and the whole payable without any deduction therefrom. And for the accommodation of the fortunate adventurers in this Lottery, who may wish to receive their money immediately, a provision will be made at the said Bank for the payment of the prizes the VERY DAY they are drawn, on allowing the customary discount, as in Philadelphia or New-York.

The Lottery will be drawn in Camden, opposite the city of Philadelphia, and the Manager flatters himself that such encouragement will be given by a generous public as will enable him in the course of a very few weeks, to announce in the papers of the several states, the day the drawing will commence.

Contractors will be allowed a liberal discount.

JOSIAH HARRISON, Manager.

Lucius Q. C. Elmer,
Josiah Brick.
John Trenchard, Jr.
Elias P. Seely, Jr. Esq.

Commissioners appointed by the Legislature.

Camden, N. J. May 26, 1819.

☞ The sale of Tickets in the foregoing scheme is expected to be unusually brisk—It will therefore be the interest of adventurers to make early application, as tickets will soon be raised in price, Whole Tickets, Ten Dollars—Half Tickets, Five Dollars—Quarter Tickets, Two Dollars and fifty cents. All letters addressed to me must be post paid, and shall be answered by return of mail.

MILES H. HUGHES,
No. 31, Church Alley

Pittsburgh Soap Factory.

THE subscriberss have a SOAP FACTORY in complete operation, and will constantly have a large supply of this article, warranted equal to any manufactured in the country, which they will dispose of at reduced prices.

WM. HILL & BROTHERS.

April 9.

WE wish to let that eligible stand for business at the corner of Market and Front streets, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. Peebles, Tweedy & Co.

Information Wanted.

40 DOLLARS REWARD.

ABOUT 12 or 14 years since, two brothers, named CHRISTIAN & BENJAMIN Mr. J. LINGER, left Pittsburgh in a boat belonging to a Mr. Bell, and no certain information has been heard of them since. It was reported that the boat was lost and the crew drowned. I will give a reward of 20 dollars to any person who informs me of their being alive, and directs me where to find them; and if dead 40 dollars will be given to any one adducing legal evidence of the fact. The person who is able to furnish the wished for information, is respectfully requested to direct a letter to the subscriber living about two miles from Hanover, in M'Sherry's town, Adams county, Penn.

DAVID MILLINGER.

May 18.

A Most Valuable Estate.
FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law

Cut Tacks and Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

HAVE or sale, *Cut Tacks and Sprigs* of all *sizes*, from the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts.) being appointed agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the manufacturing prices, with the addition of carriage and charges.

Orders for Tacks and Sprigs received and attended to.

Pittsburgh, October 22

Spring Goods.

M. S. MASON

Is opening his Spring supply of
DRY GOODS,
CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE, middling and coarse CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Velveteens, & Cords—Printed Marseilles and Toilinette Vesting, Steam-loom and Madapolam Shirting—Cambric, Jaconet, Lenoand Book Muslins, Bombazetts, Irish Linens and Sheetings, Ginghams, Super Prints and Furniture Calico, Imitation and Printed Shawls, India Muslins—Black Silk, Canton, Flag, Bandannoe, Madrass and Fancy Handkerchiefs, Bed Ticking, Hosiery, Black and Coloured Sarsanetts, Florences, Levantine, English and India black and coloured Sewing Silk and Twist, Pins, Cotton Balls, with numerous other articles, together with a variety of

Domestic Goods,

SUCH AS

Plaids, Stripes, Chambrays,
Checks, Shirting, Ticking, &c.

Which are offered for sale by the Package of piece, on accommodating terms.

ALSO
LEGHORN AND STRAW BONNETS.

Pittsburgh, May 4.

100 Barrels Flour,

FOR SALE.

LAKE SALT.

70 Barrels will be sold low for

CASH BY
ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 16, 1819.

D. & J. Chute,

Have just received a good assortment of
SHOES,

Suitable for the season. They also, daily expect a new arrival.

Pittsburgh, May 21.

To Let,

A Convenient DWELLING HOUSE in Liberty Street, near the mouth of Diamond Alley.

Apply to JOHN M'DONALD.

Pittsburgh, April 23, 1819

Joseph Armorer

Has the pleasure to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia with a complete assortment of

DRY GOODS,
AND
GROCERIES,

which he is now selling on the most reasonable terms, at his store in the, Diamond. He at the same time tenders his sincere thanks for past favors and earnestly hopes for a continuance.

Pittsburgh, April 13.

N. B. *A good assortment of English & French THREAD LACE & EDGINGS,*
LEGHORN & STRAW BONNETS.
Black Lace Veils and Squares 6-4 & 7-4

Crate Warehouse.

H. LANGTRY & Co.

In Third, near Market street,

Have received in addition to their former stock

20 Crates Queensware

which will be sold low for cash. They have also received direct from England

50 *CASKS & BUNDLES*
HARDWARE.

Comprising a general assortment—consisting, in part, of

50 dozen WALDRON'S Grass and Grain SCYTHES,
Copper and patent metal Tea-kettles,
Sauce-pans, Coffee-mills, and Frying-pans,
Spades, Shovels, Anvils and Vices,
Cross-cut, mill, hand, pannel and brass-back SAWS,
Locks, latches, hinges, screws and bolts,
Table, desert, pen & pocket knives & forks,
Straw, drawing, saddlers and curriers knives,
Shoe and butcher knives, razors and scissors,
Gussels, plane irons, braces and bitts,
Squares, rules and compasses,
Files, rasps, combs and brushes,
Adzes, hammers and steelyards,
Brass wire and chain, Pulleys and scale-beams
Gun and Rifle locks, shot-belts and flints,
Common and plated SADDLERY,
50 faggots Crowley M. Steel

IN STORE,

Wrought and cut Nails, Sad Irons,
Prime STEAD—caught this season.

ON CONSIGNMENT,

15 *grose Eagle and Broom CARDS.*

Pittsburgh, June 18. 1aw3t.

Doctor J. S. Irwin

HAS commenced the practice of MEDICINE in this city. He will be found at his office on the north side of Fourth, near Market street, where he will attend to the calls of his friends and faithfully discharge the duties of his profession to all those who will favor him with their patronage.

June 18.

ORMSBY AND DOANE,

HAVE FOR SALE

100 kegs first quality Manufac. Tobacco,
30 Tons assorted Castings,
Juniata Bar Iron,
Plough Plates,
20 Bushels Hickory Nuts,
Rosin Soap,
56 bbls. rectified Lake Salt,
Axes, Adzes, Chains, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1819.

William Crawford,

CABINET MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has commenced the above business in Fourth, between Smithfield and Wood streets, adjoining the house of Mrs. Wilkins, and that as he is determined to make his work in the best and most fashionable manner he flatters himself he will obtain a share of public patronage.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, April 30.——6m

Copartnership.

WILLIAM & JOHN HILL, having formed a copartnership in trade with their brother JAMES. The business in future will be transacted under the firm of

William Hill and Brothers,

who offer for sale on accomodating terms at their *Wholesale warehouse, in Market, near Front street,*

WITH A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
MERCHANDIZE

Pittsburgh, January 1 1819.——tf

Just Manufactured & For Sale
AT
TOWNE'S

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT
Landscape Paper Hangings

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per piece. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's
Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh

at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also the exchanges between Eastern and Western funds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. TOWNE.

January 15. tf

JAMES ADAMS

Having determined to recommence the
Commission Business,

at his old Warehouse in PITTSBURGH, has associated himself with LEWIS HUTCHISON, *Maysville, (Ken.)* They will after the first of May transact said business in all its various branches under the firm of

Adams & Hutchison.

JAMES ADAMS.
LEWIS HUTCHISON.

April 2.